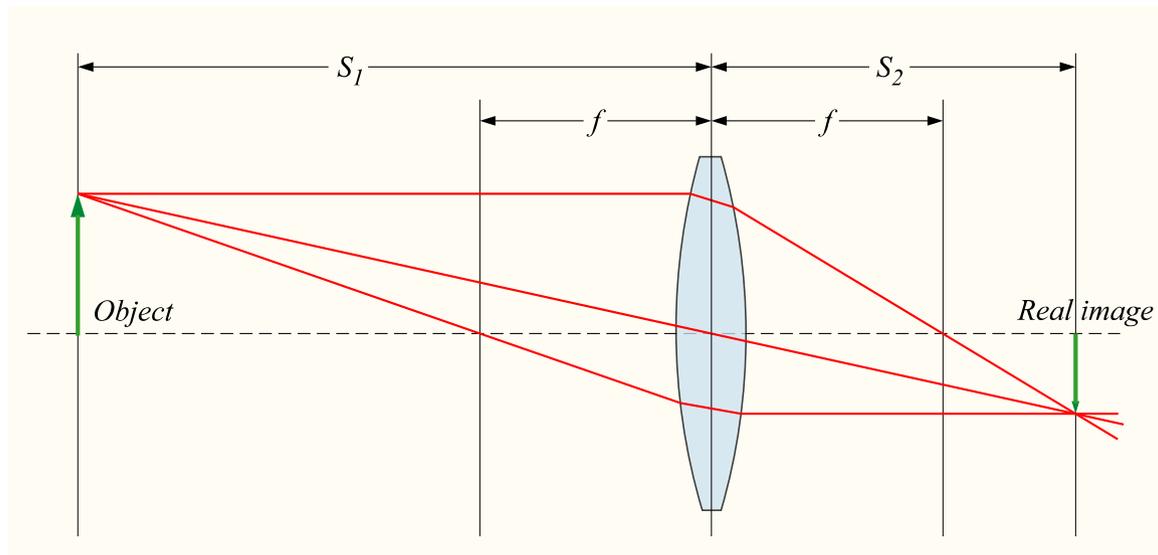


Transfer Matrix Method

Ruei-Jr Wu

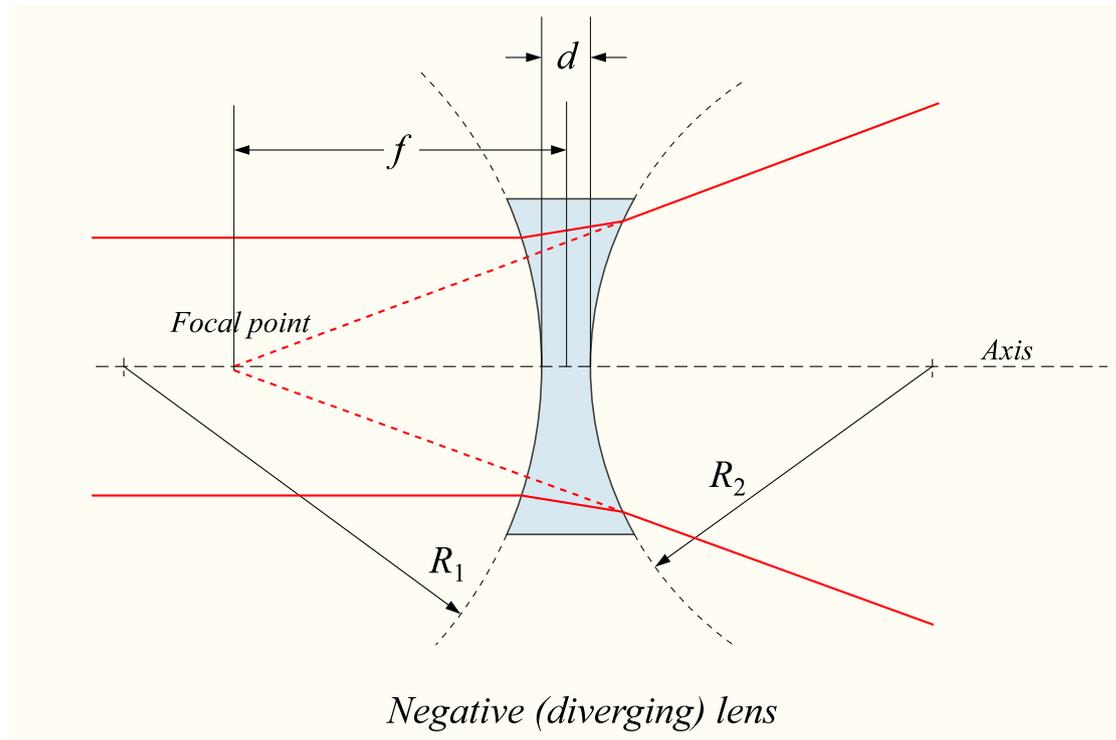
Thin lens formula

$$\frac{1}{S_1} + \frac{1}{S_2} = \frac{1}{f}$$



Lensmaker's equation

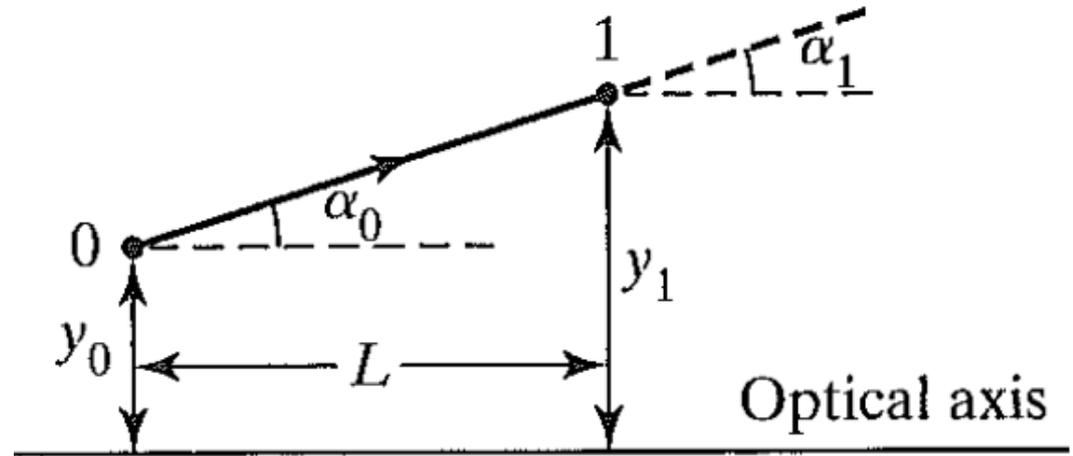
$$\frac{1}{f} = (n - 1) \left[\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{(n - 1)d}{nR_1R_2} \right]$$



Transfer Matrix Method – Simple translation

$$y_1 = (1)y_0 + (L)\alpha_0$$

$$\alpha_1 = (0)y_0 + (1)\alpha_0$$

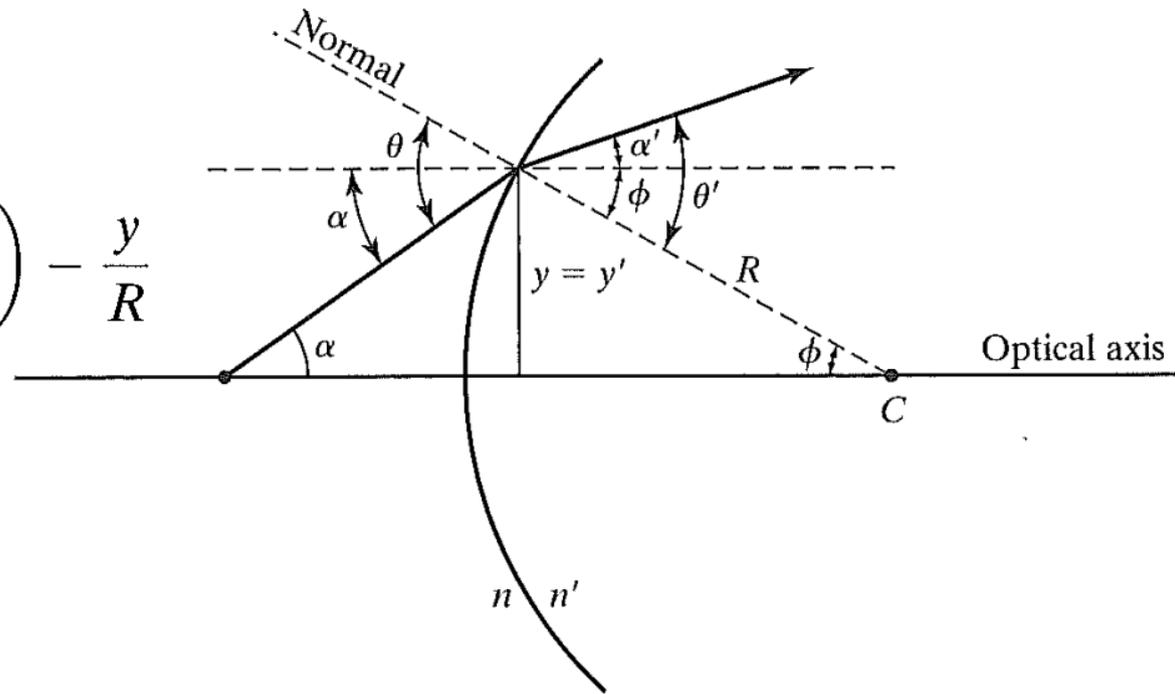


$$\begin{bmatrix} y_1 \\ \alpha_1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & L \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y_0 \\ \alpha_0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Transfer Matrix Method – Refraction

$$n\theta = n'\theta' \text{ (Snell's law)}$$

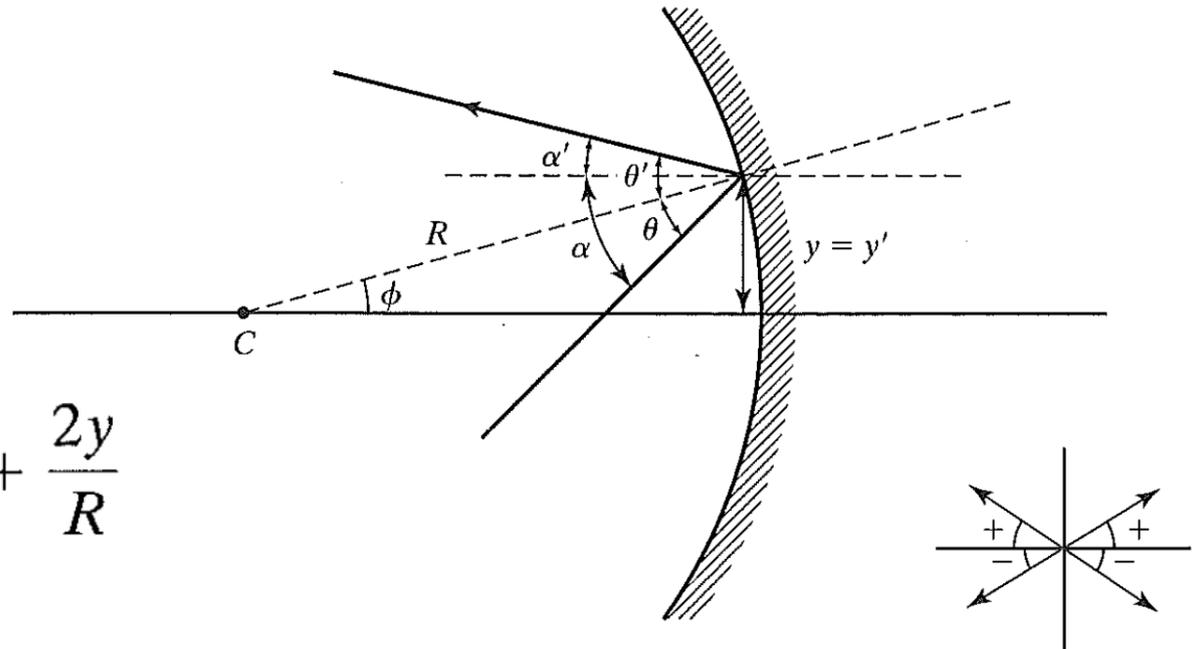
$$\begin{aligned} \alpha' &= \left(\frac{n}{n'}\right)\theta - \frac{y}{R} = \left(\frac{n}{n'}\right)\left(\alpha + \frac{y}{R}\right) - \frac{y}{R} \\ &= \left(\frac{1}{R}\right)\left(\frac{n}{n'} - 1\right)y + \left(\frac{n}{n'}\right)\alpha \end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} y' \\ \alpha' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{1}{R}\left(\frac{n}{n'} - 1\right) & \frac{n}{n'} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y \\ \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

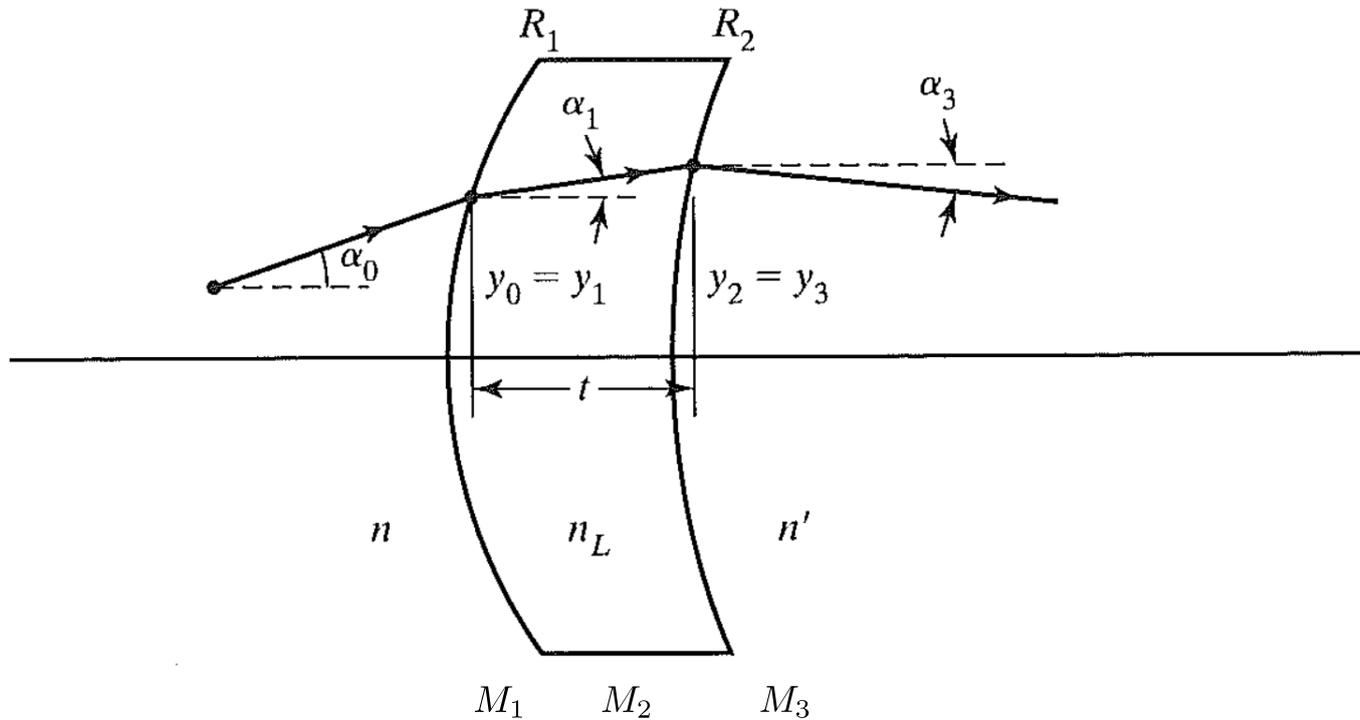
Transfer Matrix Method – Reflection

$$\begin{aligned}\alpha &= \theta + \phi = \theta + \frac{y}{-R} \\ \alpha' &= \theta' - \phi = \theta' - \frac{y}{-R} \\ &= \theta' + \frac{y}{R} = \theta + \frac{y}{R} = \alpha + \frac{2y}{R}\end{aligned}$$



$$\begin{bmatrix} y' \\ \alpha' \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{2}{R} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} y \\ \alpha \end{bmatrix}$$

Transfer Matrix Method – Thin Lens



$$M = \begin{matrix} & M_3 & & M_2 & & M_1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n_L - n'}{n'R_2} & \frac{n_L}{n'} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n - n_L}{n_LR_1} & \frac{n}{n_L} \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$t \rightarrow 0 = \begin{matrix} & M_3 & & M_2 & & M_1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n_L - n}{nR_2} & \frac{n_L}{n} \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n - n_L}{n_LR_1} & \frac{n}{n_L} \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

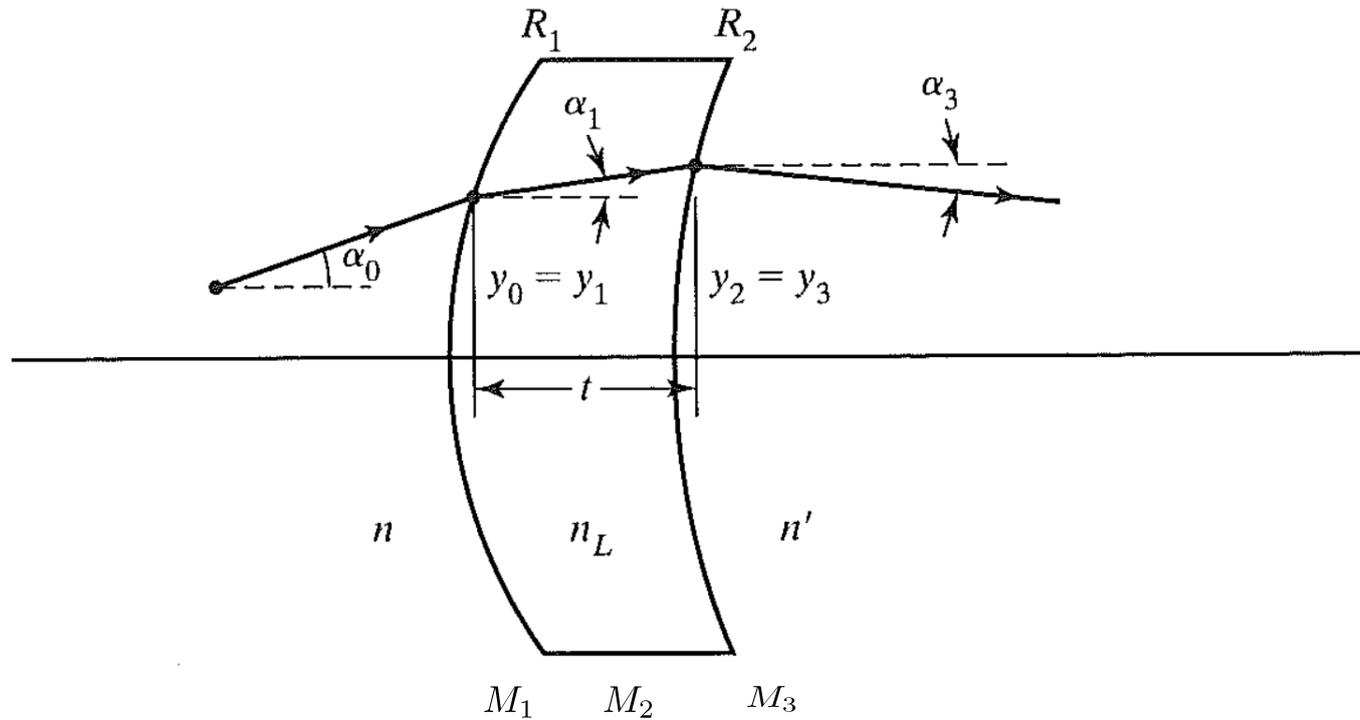
Transfer Matrix Method – Thin Lens

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n_L - n}{n} \left(\frac{1}{R_2} - \frac{1}{R_1} \right) & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\frac{1}{f} = \frac{n_L - n}{n} \left(\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} \right) \quad \text{Thin Lens Formula}$$

$$M = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{f} & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Transfer Matrix Method – Thick Lens



$$M = \begin{matrix} & M_3 & & M_2 & & M_1 \\ \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n_L - n'}{n'R_2} & \frac{n_L}{n'} \end{bmatrix} & & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & t \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} & & \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ \frac{n - n_L}{n_LR_1} & \frac{n}{n_L} \end{bmatrix} \end{matrix}$$

$$n = n' = \begin{bmatrix} 1 + \frac{(n - n_L)t}{n_LR_1} & \frac{nt}{n_L} \\ -(n_L - n) \left[\frac{1}{R_1} - \frac{1}{R_2} + \frac{(n_L - n)t}{nR_1R_2} \right] & \frac{n_LR_2 + (n_L - n)t}{R_2} \end{bmatrix}$$